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23 April 2019

Dear Mr Rogers, Mr Borazio and Mr Lazarus-Hall

Requirement to apply for a music festival licence – St Jerome’s Laneway

I refer to previous letters from the Independent Liquor & Gaming Authority (Authority) dated 28 February 2019 and 15 March 2019 regarding your music festival event St Jerome’s Laneway last held on 3 February 2019.

The Authority has considered the preliminary question of whether, pursuant to section 159(2A) of the *Liquor Act 2007* (Act) and clause 35A of the Liquor Regulation 2018 (Regulation), this event should be the subject of an application for a music festival licence.

In making this determination, the Authority has had due regard to the statutory objects and considerations in section 3 of the Act, and has considered the available evidence or information regarding:

- advice from the NSW Health Secretary (Health) and the NSW Commissioner of Police (Police) as to whether the health risks associated with this event would be more appropriately addressed by a music festival licence than any other type of licence;
- any death in NSW that has occurred in connection with the event in the last three years; and
- your submissions (written and oral) as to the reasons the event should be licensed to sell or supply liquor under a licence that is not a music festival licence.

The Authority has decided that the sale or supply of liquor at your next event would more appropriately be provided under a music festival licence.

When making this determination, the Authority draws no adverse conclusion as to the quality of this event or its recent management history. Rather, the Authority considers that the industry-specific licence provisions in Part 4 Division 3 of the Regulation offer a preferable framework for regulating an event of this type, time of year, scale and complexity, noting the risk factors identified by Health and Police and taking into account your submissions on those matters.

The application form for a music festival licence is available at the following link: https://www.liquorandgaming.nsw.gov.au/_data/assets/pdf_file/0019/218431/app1000-music-festival-liscence-application.pdf.

The NSW Health Guidelines for Music Festivals are available at the following link: <https://www.health.nsw.gov.au/aod/Publications/music-festival-guidelines.PDF>.

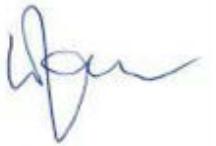


**Independent
Liquor & Gaming
Authority**

A statutory board established under the Gaming and Liquor Administration Act 2007

If you have any enquires about the process for making an application please contact Joanne Zammit, Manager, at joanne.zammit@liquorandgaming.nsw.gov.au or on (02) 9995 0330 should you wish to discuss the licensing of your event.

Yours sincerely,



Philip Crawford
Chairperson
For and on behalf of the Independent Liquor & Gaming Authority

Mr Philip Crawford
 Chairperson
 Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority
 GPO Box 3970
 SYDNEY 2001

Dear Mr Crawford

Clause 35A Liquor Regulation 2018 – Advice in respect of the Laneway festival

I refer to your request for advice under clause 35A of the Liquor Regulation 2018 in relation to whether the health risks of certain music festivals would be more appropriately addressed by a music festival licence than another type of liquor licence. My advice, as delegate of the Health Secretary, in respect of a future Laneway festival is set out below.

I note that my advice is based on an assessment of the likely characteristics and environmental factors that would be associated with any future Laneway festival, based on the characteristics, environmental factors and the health incidents associated with the Laneway festival held on 3 February 2019 at Callan Park, Rozelle, which are set out below.

If you are aware that the likely characteristics and environmental factors associated with a future Laneway festival or the health incidents associated with Laneway festivals held between 2015 and 2019 are different from the information set out below, then I am happy to be asked to provide further advice under clause 35A of the Liquor Regulation.

Likely characteristics and environmental factors associated with the Laneway festival

Based on information provided to NSW Health and following enquiries made by officers of the NSW Ministry of Health, I have assessed that the likely characteristics and environmental factors associated with the Laneway festival are as set out in the table below.

1. Laneway 2019 festival characteristics and environmental factors

Target demographic	18-29 years
Music type	Indie rock, indie pop, hip-hop, and electronica
Event size	12,000
Indoor/outdoor	Outdoor
Event times and duration	1100 – 2300 (12 hours)
Anticipated weather conditions*if festival is held again during the same month and at the same location	Festivals held in February have the potential for extreme temperatures. February mean maximum temperature = 27.5°C, maximum= 36.3°C
Location	Metropolitan Sydney (Rozelle)
Approximate distance by road to nearest tertiary hospital	4.9km / 14min (Royal Prince Alfred Hospital)

*Bureau of Meteorology monthly mean maximum temperature at nearest weather station for the date and location of the last held festival.

These likely characteristics and environmental factors associated with the Laneway festival are considered to be associated with a higher likelihood of drug related harm and/or factors that may increase the severity of harms associated with drug use.

Health incidents associated with the Laneway festival

The Laneway festival was last held in 2019 (3 February 2019, Callan Park, Rozelle). I am aware of previous Laneway festivals held in NSW in 2016, 2017 and 2018. At the event in February 2019:

- NSW Ambulance pre-deployed two Ambulance crews and a forward commander to the event
- NSW Health pre-deployed a medical retrieval team (one senior specialist doctor, one critical care paramedic) and one local health district medical team (two senior specialist doctors and four emergency department nurses) onsite for the duration of the event following a NSW Health risk assessment conducted prior to the event.

I am aware of the following health incidents associated with the Laneway festival held in previous years.

2019	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No deaths were associated with this event• There were a total of 135 presentations to the onsite medical tent during the event (18 presentations between 1100 – 1730 and 117 presentations between 1700 – 2330)• From approximately 1900 until festival close, a total of four patrons were transported directly from the festival to hospital by NSW Ambulance Service<ul style="list-style-type: none">○ three of these patients were transported with drug-related illness (one in a critical but stable condition; two in a stable condition)○ the patient transported in a critical condition required onsite intubation and ventilation and was subsequently admitted to an intensive care unit
2018	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No deaths were associated with this event• Two patrons were transported directly from the festival to hospital by ambulance, it is unknown if these were drug-related
2017	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No deaths were associated with this event• Two patrons were transported directly from the festival to hospital by ambulance, unknown if drug-related
2016	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No deaths were associated with this event• Two patrons were transported directly from the festival to hospital by ambulance, both reported to be drug-related
2015	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• No deaths were associated with this event• One patron transported directly from the festival to hospital by ambulance, reported to be drug-related

Likely health risks associated with Laneway festival

Based on the likely characteristics and environmental factors associated with the Laneway festival and the health incidents associated with the Laneway festival held in 2015 – 2019, I consider that the following significant health risks may be associated with future Laneway festivals:

- Serious drug related illness resulting in onsite medical presentations that require immediate critical care and that could result in:
 - Admissions to hospital
 - Admissions to intensive care units (ICU)
 - Death or serious injury

How to address health risk associated with the Laneway festival

There is a risk of serious drug related illness resulting in onsite medical presentations that may require immediate critical care and admission to hospital including ICU, or may result in death or serious injury. However, the risk of multiple and concurrent serious drug related illness is considered to be on the lower end of the spectrum. As such, I consider the risks are best mitigated through ensuring that health services and harm reduction initiatives to be provided at the festival are consistent with the Guidelines for Music Festival Event Organisers: Music Festival Harm Reduction, published by the NSW Ministry of Health. This can be managed by way of a music festival licence. However, if another type of licence can also ensure that health services provided at the festival comply with these guidelines, then I consider that the health risks could be appropriately addressed in this way.

I note that this advice will be provided to the organiser and/or promoter of the Laneway festival. NSW Health remains available to provide advice and to support music festival organisers to deliver safer music festivals.

If you require any additional information please contact Michelle Cretikos, Director, Clinical Safety and Quality on 9391 9022 or michelle.cretikos@health.nsw.gov.au.

Yours sincerely



Dr Kerry Chant
Chief Health Officer
NSW Ministry of Health



NSW Police Force

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONER

Mr Philip Crawford
Chairperson For
Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority
GPO BOX 3970
SYDNEY NSW 2001

Via email: ilga.secretariat@liquorandgaming.nsw.gov.au

Our reference: D/2019/234324

Dear Mr Crawford,

Thank you for your correspondence dated 7 March 2019 seeking information regarding the fourteen Music Festivals state-wide declared by the NSW Government to be high risk.

Pursuant to section 35A(2)(a) of the *Liquor Amendment (Music Festivals) Regulation 2019* I provide the following information as per sought in your correspondence:

- 1) *The event has had a serious drug related illness or death has occurred in the past three years, or:*

With regard to instances of serious drug related illness, including determining what would constitute this, it is suggested that Health NSW are more appropriate to provide this information.

NSWPF systems are not able to reliably account for all drug deaths that are associated with the declared Music Festivals across the requested past three years. The range of reasons for this include that the death may have occurred outside of the festival (i.e. medical facility or the individual's home), days post the event, or that the death was not linked on NSWPF systems specifically to a Music Festival. It is suggested that NSW Health may be better placed to provide this information also.

- 2) *As at that date, there were concerns that there may be a significant risk of serious drug related illness or death at the festival:*

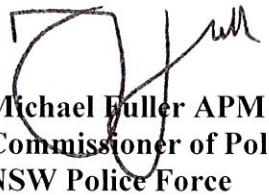
The NSWPF is able to supply the attached table which details drug detections that have occurred over the last three years at the declared Music Festivals. As described on the attached table a number of caveats do apply, and for this reason the data should be considered as a guide only.

I trust that this information will be of assistance. If clarification on the content is required contact can be made with Assistant Commissioner Walton who is representing me on the Expert Panel.



Should further information be required please do not hesitate to correspond further.

Yours sincerely,



Michael Buller APM
Commissioner of Police
NSW Police Force

DRUG DETECTIONS AT HIGH-RISK MUSIC FESTIVALS SINCE 2016

The table below shows the number of drug detections at each of the high-risk music festivals since 2016.

No figures are available for Transmission or Up Down, as the March 2019 festivals appear – from searching COPS records – to be the first held in NSW.

Festival (a)	Drug Detections (b)
Days Like This 2017	123
Days Like This 2018	80
Defqon.1 2016	72
Defqon.1 2017	68
Defqon.1 2018	67
Electric Gardens 2016	107
Electric Gardens 2017	136
Electric Gardens 2018	136
Electric Gardens 2019	72
FOMO 2017	40
FOMO 2018	59
FOMO 2019	54
HTID 2018	18
HTID 2019	30
Knockout Games of Destiny 2018	36
Laneway 2016	16
Laneway 2017	29
Laneway 2018	46
Laneway 2019	41
Lost Paradise 2016	4
Lost Paradise 2017	66
Lost Paradise 2018	61
Rolling Loud 2019	36
Subsonic 2017	66
Subsonic 2018	60
This That 2016	40
This That 2017	17
This That 2018	29
Ultra 2019	94

(a) As operation names are sometimes missing or are inconsistently recorded, each festival is identified by the suburb where the festival occurred and the date on which it occurred. This means that detections in those suburbs on that date that were not related to the festival will be included in error. However, investigations indicate that this error of commission is less than the error of omission if only the operation name was used.

(b) This is a count of POIs on whom drugs were detected at each festival. In the case where multiple drug detection incidents were recorded against that person, they are counted only once.

For both the above reasons, the above figures differ from information provided on 22 February, which was a count of incidents against relevant operation names.