



Ms Angela M Frost

angelamfrost@bigpond.com

25 February 2019

Dear Ms Frost

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| Application No. | 1-6862976800 |
| Applicant | Railway Properties Pty Ltd |
| Application for | Extended trading authorisation in relation to a hotel licence |
| Licence name | Mullane's |
| Licence number | LIQH440018995 |
| Current trading hours | <u>External portion of lower ground floor café area</u> Monday to Saturday 7:00 AM – 10:00 PM Sunday 10:00 AM – 10:00 PM <u>Internal portion of lower ground floor café area</u> Monday to Saturday 7:00 AM – 12 midnight Sunday 10:00 AM – 10:00 PM <u>All other areas</u> Monday to Saturday 10:00 AM – 12 midnight Sunday 10:00 AM – 10:00 PM <u>Take away</u> Monday to Sunday 10:00 AM – 10:00 PM |
| Proposed trading hours | <u>External portion of lower ground floor café area</u> Monday to Sunday 7:00 AM – 10:00 PM <u>Internal portion of lower ground floor café area</u> Monday to Sunday 7:00 AM – 12 midnight <u>All other areas</u> Monday to Saturday 10:00 AM – 12 midnight Sunday 10:00 AM – 10:00 PM <u>Take away</u> Monday to Sunday 10:00 AM – 10:00 PM |
| Premises | Units 12 and 13, 34-36 Brookhollow Avenue Baulkham Hills NSW 2153 |
| Legislation | Sections 3, 11A, 48, 49 and 51 of the <i>Liquor Act 2007</i> |

**Decision of the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority
Application for an extended trading authorisation – Mullane's**

The Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority considered the application above at its board meeting on 14 November 2018 and, pursuant to section 49 of the *Liquor Act 2007*, decided to approve the application subject to the following condition:

The premises is to be operated at all times in accordance with the Plan of Management dated 15 November 2018 as may be varied from time to time after consultation with NSW Police. A copy of the Plan of Management is to be kept on the premises, and made available for inspection on the request of a police officer, council officer, Liquor & Gaming NSW inspector, or any other person authorised by the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority.

To avoid doubt, the above condition is taken to be a condition of the hotel licence LIQH440018995, and is imposed in addition to the existing conditions on that licence.

The Authority has also decided to revoke the following condition on the existing licence:

Condition 3000

The premises is to be operated at all times in accordance with the Plan of Management dated 12 September 2017 as may be varied from time to time after consultation with NSW Police. A copy of the Plan of Management is to be kept on the premises, and made available for inspection on the request of a police officer, council officer, Liquor & Gaming NSW inspector, or any other person authorised by the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority.

A statement of reasons for this decision is attached at the end of this letter.

Trading between 10 pm and 11 pm, Monday to Saturday

Pursuant to section 12 of the *Liquor Act 2007*, the standard trading period during which liquor can be sold for consumption away from the licensed premises must end at 10 pm on all trading days. Nevertheless, the exemption provision under clause 117 of the Liquor Regulation 2018 permits takeaway liquor sales between 10 pm and 11 pm on days other than Sundays and restricted trading days.

If you have any questions, please contact the case manager at nhan.phan@liquorandgaming.nsw.gov.au.

Yours faithfully



Philip Crawford
Chairperson
For and on behalf of the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority

Statement of reasons

Decision

1. On 19 July 2018 Railway Properties Pty Ltd (“Applicant”) lodged an application (“Application”) with Liquor & Gaming NSW (“L&GNSW”), for determination by the Independent Liquor and Gaming Authority (“Authority”). The Application sought an extended trading authorisation (“Authorisation”) in relation to the Applicant’s hotel licence (LIQH440018995) at Units 12 and 13, 34-36 Brookhollow Avenue, Baulkham Hills (“Premises”), trading in the name of Mullane’s.
2. The Authority considered the Application at its meeting on 14 November 2018 and, pursuant to section 49 of the *Liquor Act 2007* (“Act”), decided to grant the Authorisation.
3. The Authorisation as granted extends the Sunday trading hours of the Premises by permitting:
 - a) the lower ground floor café area to trade between 7 am and 10 am, and
 - b) the internal portion of the lower ground floor café area to trade between 10 pm and 12 midnight.
4. A preliminary advice letter notifying the Applicant of this decision was issued on 21 November 2018.
5. In reaching this decision, the Authority has had regard to the material before it and the legislative requirements under the Act and the Liquor Regulation 2008 (“Regulation”).

Material considered by the Authority

6. The Authority has considered the Application, the accompanying community impact statement (“CIS”), and all submissions received in relation to the Application.
7. The Authority is satisfied that procedural fairness was afforded to the Applicant and interested parties regarding this decision, as all parties required to be notified of the Application were provided with the opportunity to make submissions.
8. In accordance with its *Guideline 6*, the Authority has also had regard to relevant L&GNSW liquor licensing records and data published by Bureau of Crime Statistics and Research (“BOCSAR”), NSW Department of Health, and Australian Bureau of Statistics (“ABS”).
9. A list of the material considered by the Authority is set out in Schedule 1.

Legislative framework

10. The Authority has considered the Application in the context of the following legislative provisions under the Act:
 - a) Section 3: Statutory objects of the Act and relevant considerations.
 - b) Section 11A: The mandatory 6 hour period during which liquor cannot be sold.
 - c) Section 48: Requirements in respect of a CIS.
 - d) Section 49: General provisions in respect of an Authorisation.
 - e) Section 51: General provisions relating to licence-related authorisations.
11. An extract of these sections is set out in Schedule 2.

Key findings

12. Having regard to the information before it and relevant legislative requirements, the Authority makes the following findings in relation to the Application.

Validity, procedural and trading requirements

13. The Authority is satisfied that the Application has been validly made and meets the procedural and trading period requirements under sections 11A, 49 and 51 of the Act.

Fit and proper person, responsible service of alcohol, and development consent

14. Pursuant to sections 45(3)(b) and 49(8) of the Act, and having regard to the Applicant's plan of management, the Authority is satisfied that practices are and will remain in place to:
 - a) facilitate the responsible service of alcohol on the Premises,
 - b) prevent intoxication on the Premises, and
 - c) minimise undue disturbance in the neighbourhood.
15. The Authority is also satisfied, for the purposes of sections 45(3)(a) and 45(3)(c) of the Act, that:
 - a) the Applicant is a fit and proper person to carry on the business to which the proposed Authorisation relates, given the absence of any information indicating otherwise following consultation with relevant law enforcement agencies, and
 - b) the requisite development consent is in force, based on written confirmation from The Hills Shire Council on 11 July 2018 that development consent is required and in place for the purposes of the Application.

Community impact of gambling activities

16. Clause 10A of the Regulation requires the CIS for an ETA in relation to a hotel licence to address matters relating to gambling activities on the licensed premises during the period that the Authorisation is proposed to be in force.
17. Having regard to the information in the CIS for the Application, the Authority is satisfied that it meets the minimum requirements under clause 10A of the Regulation in addressing the potential social impact of any future gambling activities on the Premises during the extended trading hours sought.

Community impact statement

18. Pursuant to section 48 of the Act, the Authority finds that the CIS submitted with the Application was prepared in accordance with the relevant requirements. The Authority has taken into consideration the CIS and other available information in making the findings below about the social impact of the Premises on the local and broader communities.
19. For the purposes of this decision and consistent with its position in *Guideline 6*, the Authority is satisfied that the relevant "local community" is the community within the suburb of Baulkham Hills, and the relevant "broader community" comprises the Local Government Area ("LGA") of The Hills Shire.

Positive social impacts

20. The Authority notes that the hotel licence for the Premises was granted in March 2018, and that the Premises has not yet commenced trading.
21. The Authority also notes that the density of hotel licences in Baulkham Hills and The Hills Shire LGA is considerably lower than the NSW state average, and that the Premises, once it commences trading, will be one of the two hotels in Baulkham Hills.
22. The Authority accepts, on the available information, the Applicant's contention that granting the Authorisation would provide members of the local and broader communities with additional access to the hotel services and facilities offered at the Premises, for longer hours on Sundays.
23. The Authority accepts, for example, that the Authorisation would enable the Premises to offer breakfast to its patrons from 7 am on Sunday mornings, noting that liquor is not allowed to be sold or supplied until 10 am. The Authority also accepts that the Authorisation would allow patrons to enter and stay in the Premises during later hours of Sunday evenings to consume liquor while they meet, socialise, eat and enjoy entertainment.

24. While the Authority has not been provided with any substantive evidence of community support for the Application, it notes the comment made by NSW Police in its submission of 16 August 2018 that the Authorisation would align the hotel's trading hours with other similar sized hotels in the area.
25. Accordingly, the Authority is satisfied that granting the Authorisation would be in line with the expectations, needs and aspirations of the community, and contribute to the development of the liquor industry.

Negative social impacts

26. The relevant BOCSAR data indicates that, for the year to June 2018:
 - a) the Premises was not located within any hotspot for incidents of alcohol related assault, domestic assault, non-domestic assault, or malicious damage to property,
 - b) both Baulkham Hills and The Hills Shire LGA recorded lower rates of alcohol related assault (domestic and non-domestic), malicious damage to property and alcohol related disorderly conduct, compared to the NSW state average, and
 - c) The Hills Shire LGA recorded low counts of alcohol related crime incidents for Sundays.
27. The HealthStats NSW data available at the time of the Authority's consideration of the Application indicates that The Hills Shire LGA recorded a lower than average level of alcohol attributable deaths and a higher than average level of alcohol attributable hospitalisations, in the periods 2012-13 and 2013-15 respectively.
28. The ABS Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas ("SEIFA") data as at 2016 indicates that Baulkham Hills and The Hills Shire Council ranked among the most advantaged suburbs and LGAs in NSW, on the Index of Relative Socio-economic Advantage and Disadvantage.
29. The Authority considers, on the basis of the above, that the prevailing level of alcohol related crime in the relevant local and broader communities do not raise immediate concerns, and that there is no indication of socio-economic disadvantages in those communities requiring its further consideration. The Authority has nonetheless had regard to the relatively high level of alcohol related hospitalisations in The Hills Shire LGA.
30. The Authority accepts that there may be a risk that, if the Authorisation is granted, liquor sold at the Premises during the extended hours will, over time, contribute to an increase in alcohol related crime, health and other social and amenity issues.
31. The Authority nevertheless considers that the risk of detrimental overall social impacts associated with the granting of the Authorisation is sufficiently mitigated by the limited hours during which liquor can be sold under the Authorisation (two hours each week), and the absence of any objections from the stakeholders consulted or any members of the public.
32. The Authority notes that the Applicant's previous application for an ETA for the Premises was refused due to the failure by that application to, as required by clause 10A of the Regulation, address matters relating to gambling activities on the Premises during the extended hours sought. For the purposes of the current Application, the Authority is satisfied that the requisite information has been provided to satisfy clause 10A of the Regulation.

Overall social impact

33. Having considered the positive and negative impacts that are likely to flow from approving the Application, the Authority is satisfied that the overall social impact of granting the Authorisation would not be detrimental to the well-being of the local and broader communities.
34. The Authority is also satisfied that the other legislative criteria for the granting of the Authorisation have been met.

35. Accordingly, the Authority has decided to grant the Authorisation under section 49 of the Act.



Philip Crawford
Chairperson

Important Information:

In accordance with section 13A of the *Gaming and Liquor Administration Act 2007* a relevant person (the Applicant or a person who was required to be notified of the prescribed Application and who made a submission to the Authority or the Secretary in respect of the prescribed Application) who is aggrieved by this decision may apply to NCAT for an administrative review under the *Administrative Decisions Review Act 1997*.

An application to NCAT must be made within 28 days of notice of this decision being published on the liquor and gaming website <https://www.liquorandgaming.nsw.gov.au/pages/ilga/decisions-of-interest/decisions-of-interest.aspx> and be accompanied by the fee prescribed by the regulations.

For more information please contact the NCAT Registry at Level 10 John Maddison Tower, 86-90 Goulburn Street Sydney. The NCAT website is at <http://www.ncat.nsw.gov.au/>.

Schedule 1 – Material considered by the Authority

1. HealthStats NSW data showing that Port Stephens LGA recorded, compared to a state benchmark of 100:
 - a. a smoothed standardised mortality ration of 84.5 for the period 2012-13, and
 - b. a smoothed standardised separation ratio of 122.1 for the period 2013-15.
2. ABS SEIFA data based on the 2016 Census indicating that, on the Index of Relative Socio-economic Advantage and Disadvantage for NSW on a scale of 1 to 10, with the 10th decile being the most advantaged and 1st decile the most disadvantaged:
 - a. Baulkham Hills ranked in the 10th decile, and
 - b. The Hills Shire LGA ranked in the 10th decile.
3. Development consent issued by The Hills Shire Council on 5 December 2017 in relation to the Premises.
4. BOCSAR NSW Recorded Crime Statistics 2017 in respect of crime data in The Hills Shire LGA.
5. BOCSAR Crime Hotspot Maps for the year to June 2018, indicating the location of the Premises relative to hotspots for incidents of alcohol related assault, domestic assault, non-domestic assault, and malicious damage to property.
6. NSW crime statistics published by BOCSAR indicating that, for the year to June 2018, the rates of:
 - a. alcohol-related domestic assault in The Hills Shire LGA and Baulkham Hills were 27.7 and 33.9 respectively, compared to the NSW average of 114.0,
 - b. alcohol-related non-domestic assault in The Hills Shire LGA and Baulkham Hills were 38.1 and 15.6 respectively, compared to the NSW average of 127.3,
 - c. malicious damage to property in The Hills Shire LGA and Baulkham Hills were 271.3 and 286.9 respectively, compared to the NSW average of 768.4, and
 - d. alcohol-related disorderly conduct in The Hills Shire LGA and Baulkham Hills were 6.2 and 0 respectively, compared to the NSW average of 40.3.
7. BOCSAR Alcohol Related Crime by Time of Week data in respect of crime incidents in The Hills Shire LGA for the year to June 2018.
8. Completed application dated 11 July 2018 and the relevant notices of application.
9. Completed Category B CIS dated 11 July 2018 and its supporting documents.
10. Written confirmation from The Hills Shire Council on 11 July 2018, in the form of a signed notice to local consent authority, confirming that development consent is required and in place for the Premises for the purposes of the Application.
11. Submission from NSW Police on 16 August 2018 in relation to the Application.
12. Certification of advertising dated 11 September 2018.
13. L&GNSW liquor licensing records as at 12 October 2018 setting out the number and density (in terms of licences per 100,000 persons of the population) of all types of liquor licences in NSW, The Hills Shire LGA and Baulkham Hills. The density of full hotel licences was 27 in NSW, 6.35 in The Hills Shire LGA and 5.39 in Baulkham Hills.
14. L&GNSW liquor licensing records as at 12 October 2018 listing all liquor licences in Baulkham Hills.
15. L&GNSW liquor licensing records as at 2 August 2018, setting out the key liquor licence details for the Premises.
16. Google map images extracted from the Google website on 29 October 2018, showing the location and photo of the Premises in map view, earth view and street view.
17. L&GNSW Compliance report dated 22 October 2018 in relation to the compliance history of the Premises between 1 July 2008 and 22 October 2018.

18. Plan of management for the Premises, dated 15 November 2018.
19. Floor plan for the Premises, setting out the licensed area and areas the subject of the Authorisation.

Schedule 2 – Relevant extracts from the *Liquor Act 2007*

3 Objects of Act

- (1) The objects of this Act are as follows:
 - (a) to regulate and control the sale, supply and consumption of liquor in a way that is consistent with the expectations, needs and aspirations of the community,
 - (b) to facilitate the balanced development, in the public interest, of the liquor industry, through a flexible and practical regulatory system with minimal formality and technicality,
 - (c) to contribute to the responsible development of related industries such as the live music, entertainment, tourism and hospitality industries.
- (2) In order to secure the objects of this Act, each person who exercises functions under this Act (including a licensee) is required to have due regard to the following:
 - (a) the need to minimise harm associated with misuse and abuse of liquor (including harm arising from violence and other anti-social behaviour),
 - (b) the need to encourage responsible attitudes and practices towards the promotion, sale, supply, service and consumption of liquor,
 - (c) the need to ensure that the sale, supply and consumption of liquor contributes to, and does not detract from, the amenity of community life.

11A Special licence condition—6-hour closure period for licensed premises

- (1) This section applies in relation to:
 - (a) any licence granted on or after 30 October 2008, and
 - (b) any licence in force before that date, but only if an extended trading authorisation granted on or after that date is in force in relation to the licensed premises concerned.
- (2) A licence to which this section applies is subject to the condition that liquor must not be sold by retail on the licensed premises for a continuous period of 6 hours (as determined in accordance with this section) during each consecutive period of 24 hours (the 6-hour closure period).
- (3) Except as provided by subsection (4), the 6-hour closure period for any particular licensed premises is the period that is approved for the time being by the Authority.
- (4) In the case of a licence:
 - (a) granted on or after 30 October 2008 but before the date on which this section (as inserted by the Liquor Legislation Amendment Act 2008) commenced, or
 - (b) granted by the Local Court (as provided by clause 25 of Schedule 1) at any time after the date on which this section commenced,the 6-hour closure period for the licensed premises is, subject to subsection (5), the period from 4 am to 10 am.
- (5) The Authority may at any time, on application by the licensee or by the Secretary or the Commissioner of Police, or on its own initiative, approve of licensed premises having a different 6-hour closure period than:
 - (a) the period as last approved by the Authority, or
 - (b) the period specified in subsection (4).
- (6) Any such application by the licensee must be accompanied by the fee prescribed by the regulations.
- (7) To avoid doubt, during the 6-hour closure period for any licensed premises:
 - (a) the licensed premises are not authorised to stay open for the retail sale of liquor on the premises, and
 - (b) the licensee is not authorised to sell liquor by retail for consumption away from the licensed premises.
- (8) This section has effect despite any other provision of this Act (in particular, those provisions relating to the standard trading period for licensed premises).
- (9) This section does not, however, apply to the sale or supply of liquor to a resident of licensed premises if the liquor is sold or supplied for consumption in the room in which the resident is residing or staying.
- (10) The regulations may also create exceptions to this section.

48 Community impact

- (1) The object of this section is to facilitate the consideration by the Authority of the impact that the granting of certain licences, authorisations or approvals will have on the local community, in particular by providing a process in which the Authority is made aware of:
 - (a) the views of the local community, and
 - (b) the results of any discussions between the applicant and the local community about the issues and concerns that the local community may have in relation to the application.
- (2) In this section:
relevant application means any of the following:
 - (a) an application for a hotel licence, club licence, small bar licence or packaged liquor licence,
 - (b) an application under section 59 for approval to remove a hotel licence, club licence, small bar licence or packaged liquor licence to other premises,

- (c) an application for an extended trading authorisation in relation to a hotel licence, club licence, small bar licence or packaged liquor licence,
- (d) an application for an extended trading authorisation in relation to an on-premises licence (but only if the authorisation will result in trading at any time between midnight and 5 am),
- (e) an application for an extended trading authorisation in relation to a producer/wholesaler licence (but only if the authorisation will result in retail trading at any time between midnight and 5 am),
- (f) any particular application (or class of application) that is required by the Authority to be accompanied by a community impact statement,
- (g) any other application of a kind prescribed by the regulations or made in such circumstances as may be prescribed by the regulations,

but does not include any application for an extended trading authorisation in relation to a special occasion (as referred to in section 49 (5) (b) or (5A) or 49A (3) (b)).

- (3) A relevant application must be accompanied by a community impact statement.
- (3A) However, a small bar application is not required to be accompanied by a community impact statement if:
 - (a) development consent is required under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 to use the premises to which the application relates as a small bar or to sell liquor during the times to which the application relates, and
 - (b) the local police and the Secretary are, no more than 2 working days after the application for the required development consent, or any variation to that application, is made, notified by the applicant of the making of the application for development consent or of the variation to that application.
- (3B) For the purposes of subsection (3A), a **small bar application** means any of the following:
 - (a) an application for a small bar licence,
 - (b) an application for approval to remove a small bar licence to other premises,
 - (c) an application for an extended trading authorisation for a small bar,
 - (d) an application to vary an extended trading authorisation for a small bar.
- (3C) An application (other than an application under clause 39 of Schedule 1) for a small bar licence is not, despite subsection (3), required to be accompanied by a community impact statement if:
 - (a) the application relates to the same premises as the premises to which a general bar licence relates, and
 - (b) development consent has been obtained under the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 to sell liquor during the times to which the application relates and those times are specified in the development consent.
- (3D) Despite subsection (3), an application for a multi-occasion extended trading authorisation (as referred to in section 49B) is not required to be accompanied by a community impact statement if:
 - (a) an extended trading authorisation of the kind referred to in section 49 (5) (a) is in force in respect of the licensed premises concerned, or
 - (b) the application is made in respect of club premises that have unrestricted trading hours in accordance with clause 94 of Schedule 2 to the Registered Clubs Act 1976.
- (4) The community impact statement must:
 - (a) be prepared in accordance with the regulations and any requirements of the Authority, and
 - (b) be in the form approved by the Authority.
- (5) The Authority must not grant a licence, authorisation or approval to which a relevant application relates unless the Authority is satisfied, after having regard to:
 - (a) the community impact statement provided with the application, and
 - (b) any other matter the Authority is made aware of during the application process (such as by way of reports or submissions),

that the overall social impact of the licence, authorisation or approval being granted will not be detrimental to the well-being of the local or broader community.
- (6) The regulations may make provision for or with respect to the following:
 - (a) the requirements that must be satisfied in relation to the preparation of a community impact statement (including consultation requirements),
 - (b) the matters to be addressed by a community impact statement,
 - (c) the information to be provided in a community impact statement,
 - (d) the criteria for determining the local and broader community for the purposes of a relevant application,
 - (e) any other matter relating to the preparation and content of a community impact statement.
- (7) Without limiting subsection (6), the regulations may provide that the matters to be addressed by a community impact statement are, in the case of an application for an extended trading authorisation in relation to a hotel licence, to include matters relating to gambling activities on the licensed premises during the period that the authorisation is proposed to be in force.

49 Extended trading authorisation—general provisions

(1) Application of section

This section applies in relation to the following types of licences (referred to in this section as a relevant licence):

- (a) a hotel licence,
- (b) a club licence,
- (c) an on-premises licence (other than an on-premises licence that relates to a vessel),
- (d) a packaged liquor licence,
- (e) a producer/wholesaler licence.

(2) Extended trading authorisation for consumption on premises

In the case of a relevant licence (other than a packaged liquor licence) that authorises the sale or supply of liquor for consumption on the licensed premises, the Authority may, on application by the licensee, authorise the licensee to sell or supply liquor, for consumption on the licensed premises only, during any of the following periods:

- (a) in the case of a hotel licence—a specified period between midnight (other than midnight on a Sunday) and 5 am on any day of the week (other than a Monday),
- (b) in the case of a relevant licence other than a hotel licence—a specified period between midnight and 5 am on any day of the week,
- (c) in any case—a specified period between 5 am and 10 am on a Sunday,
- (d) in any case—a specified period between 10 pm and midnight on a Sunday.

(2A) Without limiting subsection (2), the Authority may, in the case of an on-premises licence, authorise the licensee, on application by the licensee, to sell or supply liquor for consumption on the licensed premises during any of the following periods:

- (a) a specified period between 5 am and noon on a restricted trading day,
- (b) a specified period between 10 pm and midnight on a restricted trading day.

Note. The sale of liquor at these times is subject to the requirement that a meal is also served—see section 25 (3).

(3) Despite subsection (2) (a), the Authority may, in the case of a hotel:

- (a) situated in the area constituting the City of Sydney (as at 1 July 1994), or
- (b) situated in the Kings Cross precinct, or
- (b1) situated in the area including and bounded by the parts of streets specified in Schedule 3 (Oxford Street–Darlinghurst precinct) or that fronts or backs onto, or abuts, any such specified part, or
- (c) situated in the Kosciuszko National Park,

authorise the licensee, on application by the licensee, to sell or supply liquor, for consumption on the licensed premises only, during a specified period between midnight on a Sunday and 5 am on a Monday.

(4) Extended trading authorisation for take-away sales on Sundays

In the case of a relevant licence (including a packaged liquor licence) that authorises the sale or supply of liquor for consumption away from the licensed premises, the Authority may, on application by the licensee, authorise the licensee to sell or supply liquor, for consumption away from the licensed premises only, during either or both of the following:

- (a) a specified period between 5 am and 10 am on a Sunday,
- (b) (Repealed)

(5) Nature of extended trading authorisation

An extended trading authorisation operates to authorise the sale or supply of liquor on the licensed premises:

- (a) on a regular basis (until such time as the authorisation is varied or revoked by the Authority), or
- (b) if the authorisation so provides—on a special occasion that takes place on a specified date, or
- (c) if the authorisation so provides—on up to 12 separate occasions in any period of 12 months.

(5A) Despite subsection (2) (a), the Authority may, in the case of a hotel licence, authorise the licensee, on application by the licensee, to sell or supply liquor for consumption on the licensed premises during a specified period between midnight on a Sunday and 5 am on a Monday, but only on or in connection with a special occasion that takes place on a specified date.

(6) Extended trading period to be specified In granting an extended trading authorisation, the Authority is to specify:

- (a) the extended trading hours during which the licensee is authorised to sell or supply liquor, and
- (b) the part or parts of the licensed premises to which the authorisation applies.

(7) Extended trading not permitted on or in relation to restricted trading days—hotels and licensed public entertainment venues

Despite any other provision of this section, an extended trading authorisation cannot, in the case of a hotel licence or an on-premises licence that relates to a public entertainment venue (other than a cinema or a theatre), be granted to authorise the sale or supply of liquor for consumption on the licensed premises during any of the following periods:

- (a) between 5 am and noon on a restricted trading day,
- (b) between 10 pm and midnight on a restricted trading day,

(c) between midnight and 5 am on any day immediately following a restricted trading day.

(8) Restrictions on granting extended trading authorisation

The Authority must not grant an extended trading authorisation in respect of licensed premises unless the Authority is satisfied that:

- (a) practices are in place, and will remain in place, at the licensed premises that ensure as far as reasonably practicable that liquor is sold, supplied or served responsibly on the premises and that all reasonable steps are taken to prevent intoxication on the premises, and
- (b) the extended trading period will not result in the frequent undue disturbance of the quiet and good order of the neighbourhood of the licensed premises.

(9) For the purposes of this section, a special occasion means the occasion of a unique or infrequent event of local, State or national significance that persons independent of the licensee (and of the owner or occupier of the premises) desire to celebrate or mark on the licensed premises concerned.

51 General provisions relating to licence-related authorisations

(1) This section applies to the following authorisations granted by the Authority under this Act:

- (a) an extended trading authorisation,
- (b) a drink on-premises authorisation,
- (c) any other authorisation that may be granted by the Authority under Part 3 (other than a licence),
- (d) a minors area authorisation,
- (e) a minors functions authorisation.

(2) An application for an authorisation to which this section applies must:

- (a) be in the form and manner approved by the Authority (or, in the case of an application for an extended trading authorisation for a small bar, by the Secretary), and
- (b) be accompanied by the fee prescribed by the regulations and such information and particulars as may be prescribed by the regulations, and
- (c) if required by the regulations to be advertised—be advertised in accordance with the regulations, and
- (d) comply with such other requirements as may be approved by the Authority (or, in the case of an application for an extended trading authorisation for a small bar, by the Secretary) or prescribed by the regulations.

(3) In determining an application for an authorisation, the Authority has the same powers in relation to the application as the Authority has in relation to an application for a licence. The Authority may determine the application whether or not the Secretary has provided a report in relation to the application.

(4) If, before an application for an authorisation is determined by the Authority, a change occurs in the information provided in, or in connection with, the application (including information provided under this subsection), the applicant must immediately notify the Authority of the particulars of the change.

(5) Any person may, subject to and in accordance with the regulations, make a submission to the Authority in relation to an application for an authorisation.

(6) If any such submission is made to the Authority, the Authority is to take the submission into consideration before deciding whether or not to grant the authorisation.

(7) The regulations may prescribe, or provide for the determination of, a fee in respect of the granting of an authorisation. If any such fee is prescribed or determined, the authorisation does not take effect unless the fee has been paid.

(8) The Authority may, in granting an authorisation, specify requirements that are to be complied with before the authorisation takes effect. The authorisation does not take effect until such time as any such requirements have been complied with.

(9) An authorisation:

- (a) is subject to such conditions:
 - (i) as are imposed by the Authority (whether at the time the authorisation is granted or at a later time), or
 - (ii) as are imposed by or under this Act or as are prescribed by the regulations, and
- (b) may be varied or revoked by the Authority on the Authority's own initiative or on application by the licensee, the Secretary or the Commissioner of Police.

(10) Any such application by a licensee to vary or revoke an authorisation (including any conditions to which the authorisation is subject that have been imposed by the Authority) must be accompanied by the fee prescribed by the regulations.

(11) For the purposes of this Act, any condition to which an authorisation is subject is taken to be a condition of the licence to which the authorisation relates.

(12) An authorisation has effect only while all the conditions to which it is subject are being complied with.

(13) The Authority must not impose a condition on an authorisation, or revoke or vary an authorisation, other than a variation made on application by a licensee, unless the Authority has:

- (a) given the licensee to whom the authorisation relates a reasonable opportunity to make submissions in relation to the proposed decision, and
- (b) taken any such submissions into consideration before making the decision.

- (14) This section does not authorise the revocation or variation of a condition to which an authorisation is subject if the condition is imposed by this Act or is prescribed by the regulations.