



Collector: [REDACTED]
Started: [REDACTED]
Last Modified: [REDACTED]
Time Spent: [REDACTED]
IP Address: [REDACTED]

PAGE 2: Part 2 – Key issues for stakeholder comment

Q1: The Lotteries and Art Unions Act 1901 aims to ensure that, on balance, Government and the community as a whole benefit from lottery activities. The Act seeks to protect players and the community by restricting who can conduct and benefit from lottery activities and ensuring that where such activities are conducted, they are done so fairly, with integrity and in a way that minimises community harm. Do the objects as set out in section 2 of the Act remain valid?

No,

If you answered no, explain why:
There is no need to register trade promotions anymore. It's relatively easy to find terms and conditions for competitions online. Provisions of the ACL such as s 32 or s 18 are also better at protecting consumers.

Q2: Do you agree with the proposed NSW model on page 10 of the discussion paper?

No,

Tell us why:
Permits should be done away with entirely for trade promotions.

Q3: Is there another approach that might be more suitable for regulating community gaming and lottery activities in NSW?

A multigovernment, national online system where competition owners can register their competitions and their terms and conditions.

Q4: Do the requirements of the proposed model adequately address the risk of harm to the community that may arise from community lotteries and trade promotions?

No,

If you answered no, explain why:
There is no rational explanation for requiring a permit for a TPL if the annual prize value exceeds \$10 000.

Q5: Without reducing the integrity of the regulatory measures, what changes could be made to the make the application process easier?

Make everything online, including submission of amendments. If a competition holder makes terms that are unfair, they will breach the ACL. NSW doesn't need to have a role in this - it should be a contract between people with capacity to do so. Fair Trading should have a review role if requested by a participant.

Q6: How can Government further assist organisations and businesses conducting lottery activities and trade promotions to meet their regulatory obligations?

Reduce regulatory obligations.

Q7: In section 8 of the discussion paper, it identifies that the Act does not provide for a civil penalty regime for breaches of conduct of lottery activities. Should a civil penalty regime be considered?

No

Q8: Are there any other matters that should be considered in this review of the Act and regulations?

Respondent skipped this question

PAGE 3: Part 3 – Tell us about you



Review of the Lotteries and Art Unions Act 1901 Survey

Q9: Your contact details

Name

Leon McGrath

Email Address

[REDACTED]

Q10: How did you find out about this review? Select option/s

Email from L&GNSW

[REDACTED]